Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claim 1 (canceled) A recombinant expression vector comprising a first nucleic acid having the sequence AGGAGGTTTTTCAT operatively linked to a second nucleic acid comprising three domains, wherein said first domain has a nucleotide sequence which encodes amino acids 1-225 of an HIV p24 antigen, said second domain has a nucleotide sequence which encodes an HIV gp41 antigen or an antigenic fragment of said HIV gp41 antigen and said third domain has a nucleotide sequence which encodes amino acids 224 to 232 of an HIV p24 antigen.

Claim 2 (canceled) The vector of Claim 1, wherein said vector is pGEX7 comprising said first nucleic and second nucleic acids.

Claim 3 (canceled) The vector of Claim 1, wherein said first, second and third domains together encode amino acids 1-258 of SEQ ID NO:2.

Claim 4 (canceled) The vector of Claim 3, wherein said vector is pGEXp24gp41-ANT.

Claim 5 (canceled) The vector of Claim 1, wherein said first, second and third domains together encode amino acids 1-258 of SEQ ID NO:4.

Claim 6 (canceled) The vector of Claim 5, wherein said vector is pGEXp24gp41-MVP.

Claim 7 (canceled) The vector of Claim 1, wherein said first, second and third domains together encode amino acids 1-258 of SEQ ID NO:6.

Claim 8 (canceled) The vector of Claim 7, wherein said vector is pGEXp24gp41-X84328.

Claim 9 (canceled) A procaryotic host cell comprising an expression vector of any one of Claims 3,5 or 7.

Claim 10 (canceled) A method of producing an HIV p24-gp41 antigen, which comprises

- (a) treating a host cell comprising an expression vector of any one of Claims3, 5 or 7 under conditions and for a time effective to express said antigen; and
 - (b) recovering said antigen.

Claim 11 (canceled) A recombinant HIV p24-gp41 antigen produced by the method of Claim 10.

Claim 12 (canceled) A composition comprising the recombinant HIV p24-gp41 antigen of Claim 11, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 13 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform at least one assay, the composition of an HIV p24-gp41 antigen according to Claim 12.

Claim 14 (canceled) The diagnostic system according to Claim 13, wherein said HIV p24-gp41 antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 15 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HIV p24-gp41 antigen which comprises:

- forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample
 with a composition of Claim 12;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and

c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 16 (canceled) The method of Claim 15, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (c) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled specific binding agent to form a labeled product; and
- (iii) detecting the presence of any of said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 17 (canceled) The method of Claim 16, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 18 (canceled) The method of Claim 16, wherein said label is a lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme or radioactive isotope.

Claim 19 (canceled) A recombinant expression vector comprising a first nucleic acid having the sequence AGGAGGTTTTTCAT operatively linked to a second nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence which encodes amino acids 1-120 of an HCV capsid antigen.

Claim 20 (canceled) The vector of Claim 19, wherein said vector is pGEX7 comprising said first nucleic and second nucleic acids.

Claim 21 (canceled) The vector of Claim 19, wherein said amino acids are amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:8.

Claim 22 (canceled) The vector of Claim 21, wherein said vector is pGEX-C120H-V68.

Claim 23 (canceled) The vector of Claim 19, wherein said amino acids are amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:10.

Claim 24 (canceled) The vector of Claim 23, wherein said vector is pGEX-C120H.

Claim 25 (canceled) The vector of Claim 19, wherein said amino acids are amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:12.

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Claim 26 (canceled) The vector of Claim 25, wherein said vector is pGEX-C120H-ISO2.

Claim 27 (canceled) The vector of Claim 19, wherein said amino acids are amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:14.

Claim 28 (canceled) The vector of Claim 27, wherein said vector is pGEX-C120H-ISO3.

Claim 29 (canceled) A procaryotic host cell comprising an expression vector of any one of Claims 19, 21, 23, 25 or 27.

Claim 30 (canceled) A method of producing an HCV capsid antigen consisting of amino acid residues 1-120 which comprises

- (a) treating a host cell comprising an expression vector of any one of Claims19, 21, 23, 25 or 27 under conditions and for a time effective to expresssaid antigen; and
- (b) recovering said antigen.

Claim 31 (canceled) A recombinant HCV capsid antigen produced by the method of Claim 30.

Claim 32 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV capsid antigen of Claim 31, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 33 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform at least one assay, the composition of an HCV capsid antigen according to Claim 32.

Claim 34 (canceled) The diagnostic system according to Claim 33, wherein said HCV structural protein is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 35 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV capsid antigen which comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of Claim 32;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said HCV capsid antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 36 (canceled) The method of Claim 35, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (c) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled specific binding agent to form a labeled product; and
- (iii) detecting the presence of any of said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 37 (canceled) The method of Claim 36, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 38 (canceled) The method of Claim 36, wherein said label is a lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme or a radioactive isotope.

Claim 39 (canceled) A recombinant expression vector comprising a first nucleic acid having the sequence AGGAGGGTTTTTCAT operatively linked to a second nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence which encodes an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or the corresponding sequence from another HCV strain.

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Claim 40 (canceled) The vector of Claim 39, wherein said expression vector is pGEX7 comprising said first nucleic and second nucleic acids.

Claim 41 (canceled) The vector of Claim 40, wherein said vector is pGEX-NS3-794.

Claim 42 (canceled) A procaryotic host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 39.

Claim 43 (canceled) A method of producing an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen which comprises

- (a) treating a host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 39 under conditions and for a time effective to express said antigen; and
- (b) recovering said antigen.

Claim 44 (canceled) A recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen produced by the method of Claim 43.

Claim 45 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen of Claim 44, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 46 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform at least one assay, the composition of an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen according to Claim 45.

Claim 47 (canceled) The diagnostic system according to Claim 46, wherein said HCV nonstructural 794 antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 48 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen which comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of Claim 45;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said HCV nonstructural 794 antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 49 (canceled) The method of Claim 48, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

(i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (c) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;

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- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled specific binding agent to form a labeled product; and
- (iii) detecting the presence of any of said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 50 (canceled) The method of Claim 49, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 51 (canceled) The method of Claim 49, wherein said label is a lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme, or a radioactive isotope.

Claim 52 (canceled) A recombinant expression vector comprising a first nucleic acid having the sequence AGGAGGGTTTTTCAT operatively linked to a second nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence which encodes a CAP-B antigen having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:18 or the corresponding sequence from another HCV strain.

Claim 53 (canceled) The vector of Claim 52, wherein said expression vector is pGEX7 comprising said first nucleic and second nucleic acids.

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Claim 54 (canceled) The vector of Claim 53, wherein said vector is pGEX-CAP-B.

Claim 55 (canceled) A procaryotic host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 52.

Claim 56 (canceled) A method of producing an HCV CAP-B antigen which comprises

- (a) treating a host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 52 under conditions and for a time effective to express said antigen; and
- (b) recovering said antigen.

Claim 57 (canceled) A recombinant HCV CAP-B antigen produced by the method of Claim 56.

Claim 58 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV CAP-B antigen of Claim 57, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 59 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform at least one assay, the composition of an HCV CAP-B antigen according to Claim 58.

Claim 60 (canceled) The diagnostic system according to Claim 59, wherein said HCV CAP-B antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 61 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV CAP-B antigen which comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of Claim 58;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said HCV CAP-B antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 62 (canceled) The method of Claim 61, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (c) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled specific binding agent to form a labeled product; and

(iii) detecting the presence of any of said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 63 (canceled) The method of Claim 62, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A, or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 64 (canceled) The method of Claim 62, wherein said label is a lanthanide chelate, a biotin, an enzyme, or a radioactive isotope.

Claim 65 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV capsid antigen consisting of amino acids 1-120 and a recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consisting of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16 or the corresponding sequence from another HCV strain, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 66 (canceled) The composition of Claim 65 wherein said recombinant HCV capsid antigen consists of amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:8.

Claim 67 (canceled) The composition of Claim 65 wherein said recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consists of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16.

Claim 68 (canceled) The composition of Claim 66 wherein said recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consists of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16.

Claim 69 (canceled) The composition of Claim 65, wherein the ratio by weight of said capsid antigen to said nonstructural antigen is in a range of about 8:1 to about 1:1.

Claim 70 (canceled) The composition of Claim 68, wherein the ratio by weight of said capsid antigen to said nonstructural antigen is in a range of about 8:1 to about 1:1.

Claim 71 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform at least one assay, the composition of any one of Claims 65, 68, 69 or 70.

Claim 72 (canceled) The diagnostic system according to Claim 71, wherein said HCV capsid antigen and said HCV nonstructural 794 antigen are affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 73 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV capsid antigen or an HCV nonstructural antigen, which method comprises:

a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of any one of Claims 65, 68, 69 or 70;

- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with one or more of said antigens to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 74 (canceled) The method of Claim 73, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (ii) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (c) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (iii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled specific binding agent to form a labeled product; and
- (iv) detecting the presence of any of said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 75 (canceled) The method of Claim 74, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 76 (canceled) The method of Claim 74, wherein said label is a lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme, a radioactive isotope.

Claim 77 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform an assay, the composition of a recombinant HCV capsid antigen wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 78 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV capsid antigen which comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of Claim 77;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said HCV capsid antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 79 (canceled) The method of Claim 78, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 80 (canceled) The method of Claim 78, wherein said label is lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme, a radioactive isotope or a fluorescent moiety.

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Claim 81 (canceled) A recombinant expression vector comprising a first nucleic acid having the sequence AGGAGGGTTTTTCAT operatively linked to a second nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence which encodes an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:16 or the corresponding sequence from a different HCV strain.

Claim 82 (canceled) The vector of Claim 81, wherein said expression vector is pGEX7 comprising said first nucleic and second nucleic acids.

Claim 83 (canceled) The vector of Claim 82, wherein said vector is pGEX-NS3-794.

Claim 84 (canceled) A procaryotic host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 81.

Claim 85 (canceled) A method of producing an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen which comprises

- (a) treating a host cell comprising an expression vector of Claim 81 under conditions and for a time effective to express said antigen; and
- (b) recovering said antigen.

Claim 86 (canceled) A recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen produced by the method of Claim 85.

Claim 87 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen of Claim 86, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 88 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform an assay, the composition of an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen according to Claim 87.

Claim 89 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV nonstructural 794 antigen which comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of Claim 87;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with said HCV nonstructural
 794 antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

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Claim 90 (canceled) The method of Claim 89, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 91 (canceled) The method of Claim 89, wherein said label is lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme, a radioactive isotope or a fluorescent moiety.

Claim 92 (canceled) A composition comprising a recombinant HCV capsid antigen consisting of amino acids 1-120 and a recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consisting of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16, or the corresponding sequence from another HCV strain, wherein said composition is essentially free of procaryotic antigens and other HCV-related proteins.

Claim 93 (canceled) The composition of Claim 92 wherein said recombinant HCV capsid antigen consists of amino acids 1-120 of SEQ ID NO:8.

Claim 94 (canceled) The composition of Claim 92 wherein said recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consists of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16.

Claim 95 (canceled) The composition of Claim 93 wherein said recombinant HCV nonstructural 794 antigen consists of amino acids of SEQ ID NO:16.

Claim 96 (canceled) The composition of Claim 92, wherein the ratio by weight of said capsid antigen to said nonstructural antigen is in a range of about 8:1 to about 1:1.

Claim 97 (canceled) The composition of Claim 95, wherein the ratio by weight of said capsid antigen to said nonstructural antigen is in a range of about 8:1 to about 1:1.

Claim 98 (canceled) A diagnostic system, in kit form, comprising, in an amount sufficient to perform an assay, the composition of any one of claims 92, 95, 96 or 97.

Claim 99 (canceled) A method of assaying a body fluid sample for the presence of antibodies against an HCV capsid antigen or an HCV nonstructural antigen, which method comprises:

- a) forming an immunoreaction admixture by admixing said body fluid sample with a composition of any one of claims 92, 95, 96 or 97;
- b) maintaining said immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for any of said antibodies present to immunoreact with one or more of said antigens to form an immunoreaction product; and
- c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby the presence of said antibodies.

Claim 100 (canceled) The method of Claim 99, wherein said specific binding agent is Protein A, or at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 101 (canceled) The method of Claim 99, wherein said label is lanthanide chelate, biotin, an enzyme, a radioactive isotope or a fluorescent moiety.

Claim 102 (canceled) A method for detecting seroconversion associated with NANBV infection at early times after infection comprising:

- (a) forming an aqueous immunoreaction admixture by admixing a body fluid sample with a NANBV capsid antigen;
- (b) maintaining said aqueous immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for allowing antibodies against the NANBV capsid antigen present in the body fluid sample to immunoreact with said NANBV capsid antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and
- (c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby detecting early seroconversion.

Claim 103 (canceled) The method of claim 102, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (b) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled product; and
- (iii) detecting the presence of any said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 104 (canceled) The method of claim 103 wherein said specific binding agent is selected from the group consisting of Protein A and at least one of the antibodies anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 105 (canceled) The method of claim 103 or 104, wherein said label is selected from the group consisting of lanthanide chelate, biotin, enzyme and radioactive isotope.

Claim 106 (canceled) Use of NANBV capsid antigen for the preparation of a diagnostic composition for diagnosing seroconversion associated with NANBV infection at early times after infection.

Claim 107 (canceled) Kit to be used for diagnosing seroconversion associated with NANBV infection at early times after infection in a body fluid sample comprising an NANBV capsid antigen selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a NANBV capsid antigen CAP-A having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 20 of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (b) a NANBV capsid antigen CAP-B having the amino acid sequence from the residue 21 to 40 of SEQ ID NO:1; and
- (c) a NANBV capsid antigen CAP-N having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 74 of SEQ ID NO:1;

Claim 108 (canceled) The kit of claim 107, further comprising a label or indicating means capable of signaling the formation of a complex containing an anti-NANBV antibody.

Claim 109 (canceled) The method of any one of claims 102 to 105, the use of claim 106 or the kit of claim 107 or 108, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 110 (canceled) The method of any one of claims 102 to 105, the use of claim 106, the kit of claim 107 or 108 or the method, use or kit of claim 109, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is comprised by a fusion protein.

Claim 111 (canceled) The method of any one of claims 102 to 105, the use of claim 106, the method or use of claim 109 or 110, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 120 of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (b) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 20 of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (c) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 74 of SEQ ID NO:1;
- (d) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 2 to 40 of SEQ ID NO:1; and
- (e) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 69 to 120 of SEQ ID NO:1.

Claim 112 (new) A method for detecting seroconversion associated with NANBV infection at early times after infection comprising:

- (a) forming an aqueous immunoreaction admixture by admixing a body fluid sample with a NANBV capsid antigen;
- (b) maintaining said aqueous immunoreaction admixture for a time period sufficient for allowing antibodies against the NANBV capsid antigen present in the body fluid sample to immunoreact with said NANBV capsid antigen to form an immunoreaction product; and

(c) detecting the presence of any of said immunoreaction product formed and thereby detecting early seroconversion.

Claim 113 (new) The method of claim 112, wherein said detecting in step (c) comprises the steps of:

- (i) admixing said immunoreaction product formed in step (b) with a labeled specific binding agent to form a labeling admixture, said labeled specific binding agent comprising a specific binding agent and a label;
- (ii) maintaining said labeling admixture for a period sufficient for any of said immunoreaction product present to bind with said labeled product; and
- (iii) detecting the presence of any said labeled product formed, and thereby the presence of said immunoreaction product.

Claim 114 (new) The method of claim 113 wherein said specific binding agent is selected from the group consisting of Protein A, anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 115 (new) The method of claim 113 or 114, wherein said label is selected from the group consisting of lanthanide chelate, biotin, enzyme and radioactive isotope.

Claim 116 (new) The method of any one of claims 112 to 115, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 117 (new) The method of any one of claims 112 to 115, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is comprised of a fusion protein.

Claim 118 (new) The method of any one of claims 112 to 115, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 120 of Figure 9;
- (b) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 20 CAP-A of Figure 9;
- (c) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 21 to 40 CAP-B of Figure 9;
- (d) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 74 CAP-N of Figure 9;
- (e) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 69 to 120 of Figure 9; and
- (f) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 2 to 40 of Figure 9.

Claim 119 (new) Kit to be used for diagnosing seroconversion associated with NANBV infection at early times after infection in a body fluid sample comprising an NANBV capsid antigen selected from the group consisting:

- (a) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 120 of Figure 9;
- (b) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 20 CAP-A of Figure 9;
- (c) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 21 to 40 CAP-B of Figure 9;
- (d) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 1 to 74 CAP-N of Figure 9;
- (e) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 69 to 120 of Figure 9; and
- (f) a NANBV capsid antigen having the amino acid sequence from the residue 2 to 40 of Figure 9.

Claim 120 (new) The kit of claim 119, further comprising a label or indicating means of signaling the formation of a complex containing an anti-NANBV antibody.

Claim 121 (new) The kit of claim 119, wherein said NANBV capsid antigen is affixed to a solid matrix.

Claim 122 (new) The kit of claim 119, wherein said specific binding agent is selected from the group consisting of Protein A, anti-human IgG and anti-human IgM.

Claim 123 (new) The kit of claim 119, wherein said label is selected from the group consisting of lanthanide chelate, biotin, enzyme and radioactive isotope.